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January 23, 2019

Honorable Governor Jay Inslee P.O. Box 40002 Olympia, WA 98504

RE: Protect Orcas & Salmon with Clean Water Act § 401 Authority

Dear Governor Inslee,

The Orca Salmon Alliance (OSA) writes on behalf of our seventeen organizations and millions of members, thousands of whom live in Washington State. We ask you to exercise Washington's authority under § 401 of the Clean Water Act to help ensure the Columbia Basin's federal dam operators address rising water temperatures, protect salmon, and help save the Southern Resident orcas from extinction.

Washington has an historic opportunity to feed the starving Southern Resident orcas by protecting critical salmon runs in the Columbia and Snake rivers. The State of Washington canfor the first time ever—require that nine federal hydroelectric dams on the Columbia and Snake rivers meet Washington's water quality standards. Washington should exercise its § 401 authority to ensure that the Columbia Basin dams provide cool water, adequate spill, and conditions necessary for upstream and downstream salmon migration. Doing so is consistent with Washington State's leadership to save Southern Resident orcas as well as to address climate change. The Orca Task Force recognized that lower, hotter summer stream and river flows resulting from climate change—if not addressed swiftly and effectively—could undermine recovery efforts for orcas.

The Columbia Basin's once-mighty salmon runs are struggling to survive and, in turn, jeopardizing survival of the Southern Resident orcas. The Southern Resident orcas depend on Columbia Basin spring Chinook at this very time of year (January – April). These fish sustain them through the winter months and feed nursing orca mothers and their calves during a particularly critical time in their life-cycle.

Climate change and dams are combining to warm the Columbia and Snake rivers to unsafe levels. According to the Fish Passage Center, an independent federal agency, the "long-recognized and largely unaddressed problem of high water temperatures" in the Columbia and

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Snake rivers is "an ever-increasing threat to the survival of salmon." When river temperatures exceed 20°C for several days at a time—as happens with increasing frequency due to climate change²—salmon have difficulty migrating upstream and begin succumbing to stress and disease.³

Despite the grim outlook for salmon in the face of climate change, recovery remains feasible for many Columbia Basin salmon runs.⁴ Congress enacted §401 to allow states to protect their waterways from the impacts of federally permitted activities, like dams, that discharge into state waters.⁵ Washington has the authority to compel changes to the configuration and operation of federal Columbia Basin dams to improve water quality, fish passage, and benefit orcas.

Many large- and small-scale modifications to the structure and operation of the dams and reservoirs could improve water quality and salmon survival. Ecology should use the § 401 certification process to model and identify how changes to fish ladders, selectively drawing down certain reservoirs, increasing summer flows, possible dam breaching, and other measures can reduce temperature and enhance fish survival.

Despite decades of litigation federal agencies have not complied with the Endangered Species Act, Clean Water Act, or recovered the Columbia Basin's once-mighty salmon runs. There is little reason to hope that the Trump administration's BiOp, EIS, and temperature TMDL for the dams will provide better results. The Southern Resident orcas and Columbia Basin salmon can't wait. Washington should use its authority under the Clean Water Act to do what the Trump administration and federal agencies cannot or will not—protect orca and restore salmon.

Thank you for your consideration of our concerns, and your leadership on behalf of the Southern Resident orcas, people, and communities of Washington State. Please contact Giulia Good Stefani, Senior Attorney, Natural Resources Defense Council at (310) 598-8318 or ggoodstefani@nrdc.org for additional information.

¹ Fish Passage Center, <u>Review of April 2016 Draft of NOAA Fisheries report 2015 Sockeye Salmon Passage Report,</u> p. 1 (May 4, 2016).

² John Yearsley, <u>A semi-Lagrangian water temperature model for advection-dominated river systems</u>, 45 Water Resources Research, pp. 15–16 (2009).

³ National Marine Fisheries Service, 2015 Adult Sockeve Salmon Passage Report, pp. 20–22 (2016).

⁴ See, e.g. Fish Passage Center, <u>Comparative Survival Study 2017 Annual Report</u>, Fig. 2.10 (Dec. 2017) (predicting that Snake River spring/summer Chinook could recover, given increased spill or Lower Snake RIver dam removal).

⁵ S. D. Warren Co. v. Maine Bd. of Envtl. Prot., 547 U.S. 370, 386 (2006).

⁶ See Nat'l Wildlife Fed'n v. Nat'l Marine Fisheries Serv., 184 F. Supp. 3d 861 (D. Or. 2016).

⁷ WDFW, News Release: Most of the Columbia River closing to salmon and steelhead fishing (Sept. 11, 2018).

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Sincerely,

Giulia Good Stefani

Senior Attorney, Oceans

falin G. St.

Natural Resources Defense Council

Catherine Kilduff Senior Attorney

Center for Biological Diversity

Quinn Read

Northwest Program Director

Defenders of Wildlife

Steve Mashuda

Managing Attorney, Oceans

Earthjustice

Chiara Rose

Pacific Coast Representative Endangered Species Coalition

Ben Entiknap

Pacific Campaign Manager and Senior

Scientist Oceana

Cindy Hansen

Education and Outreach Coordinator

Orca Network

Alyssa Barton

Policy Analyst & Executive Coordinator

Puget Soundkeeper Alliance

Joseph Bogaard Executive Director Save Our wild Salmon

Nora Nickum

Ocean Policy Manager Seattle Aquarium

Stephanie Hillman

Campaign Representative

Sierra Club

Carina Wells

Campaign Organizer
Toxic-Free Future

Rein Attemann

Puget Sound Advocacy Manager Washington Environmental Council

Colleen Weiler

Rekos Fellow for Ocean Conservation Whale and Dolphin Conservation

Whitney Neugebauer

Director Whale Scout

Dr. Deborah Giles

Science and Research Director

Wild Orca

CC: JT Austin, Senior Policy Advisor Natural Resources, Governor's Office Rob Duff, Senior Policy Advisor Environment, Governor's Office Maia Bellon, Director, Department of Ecology Heather Bartlett, Water Quality Program Manager, Department of Ecology Melissa Gildersleeve, Water Quality, Department of Ecology